### **Audited Financial Statements**

## **Duxbury School District**

June 30, 2017



Proven Expertise and Integrity

#### CONTENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

	PAGE
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1 - 2
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	3 - 9
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT A - STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	10
STATEMENT B - STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	11
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT C - BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	12
STATEMENT D - RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	13
STATEMENT E - STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	14
STATEMENT F - RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	15
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	16 - 26
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DESCRIPTION	27
SCHEDULE 1 - BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND	28

#### FEDERAL COMPLIANCE

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

29 - 30



#### **Proven Expertise and Integrity**

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

School Board Duxbury School District Duxbury, Vermont

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Duxbury School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Duxbury School District as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 10 and 29 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 29, 2017, on our consideration of the Duxbury School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Duxbury School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Buxton, Maine

Vermont Registration No. 092.0000697

RHRSmith & Company

September 29, 2017

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2017

#### (UNAUDITED)

The following management's discussion and analysis of the Duxbury School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Please read it in conjunction with the School District's financial statements.

#### **Financial Statement Overview**

The School District's basic financial statements include the following components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes required supplementary information which consists of the general fund budgetary comparison schedule, and other supplementary information which includes one other schedule.

#### **Basic Financial Statements**

The basic financial statements include financial information in two differing views: the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. These basic financial statements also include the notes to financial statements that explain in more detail certain information in the financial statements and also provide the user with the accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements provide a broad view of the School District's operations in a manner that is similar to private businesses. These statements provide both short-term as well as long-term information in regards to the School District's financial position. These financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement focus takes into account all revenues and expenses associated with the fiscal year regardless of when cash is received or paid. The government-wide financial statements include the following two statements:

The Statement of Net Position – this statement presents *all* of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference being reported as net position.

The Statement of Activities – this statement presents information that shows how the government's net position changed during the period. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Both of the above mentioned financial statements have one column for the School District's one type of activity. The type of activity presented for the School District is:

 Governmental activities – The activities in this section are supported by intergovernmental revenues (state grants). All of the School District's basic services are reported in fiscal services and debt service.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financial related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School District are classified as governmental funds.

Governmental funds: All of the basic services provided by the School District are financed through governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported in governmental activities in the government—wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources. They also focus on the balance of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information will be useful in evaluating the government's near-term financing requirements. This approach is known as the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this approach revenues are recorded when cash is received or when susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when liabilities are incurred and due. These statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's finances to assist in determining whether there will be adequate financial resources available to meet the current needs of the School District.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These reconciliations are presented on the page immediately following each governmental fund financial statement.

The School District presents one column in the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The School District's only major fund is the general fund.

The School District does not legally adopt an annual budget. However, as required by U.S. GAAP a Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund provides a comparison of the original and final budget and the actual expenditures for the current year.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and the Fund Financial Statements. The Notes to Financial Statements can be found following the Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information, which includes a Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

Our analysis below focuses on the net position, and changes in net position of the School District's governmental activities. The School District's total net position increased by \$20,604 from a deficit of \$30,497 to a deficit of \$9,893. All of the School District's net position is classified as unrestricted. Unrestricted net position is the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements.

# Table 1 Duxbury School District Net Position June 30,

	2017	2016
Assets Current Assets Total Assets	\$ 5,107 5,107	\$ 4,503 4,503
Liabilities Current Liabilities Long-term Debt Outstanding Total Liabilities	 15,000 - 15,000	 20,000 15,000 35,000
Net Position Unrestricted (Deficit) Total Net Position	\$ (9,893) (9,893)	\$ (30,497)

#### **Revenues and Expenses**

Duxbury School District's revenues increased by 1.33% while total expenses decreased by 43.40%. The increase in revenues resulted from an increase in State support. The decrease in expenses was directly attributable to a decrease in interest on long-term debt and fiscal services.

# Table 2 Duxbury School District Change in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30,

	2017			2016
Revenues  General Revenues:  Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs  Total Revenues	\$	22,776 22,776	\$	22,478 22,478
Expenses Fiscal services Interest on long-term debt Total Expenses		727 1,445 2,172		2,082 1,755 3,837
Change in Net Position		20,604		18,641
Net Position - July 1		(30,497)		(49,138)
Net Position - June 30	\$	(9,893)	\$	(30,497)

#### Financial Analysis of the School District's Fund Statements

Governmental funds: The financial reporting focus of the School District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information may be useful in assessing the School District's financial requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's financial position at the end of the year, and the net resources available for spending.

# Table 3 Duxbury School District Fund Balances - Governmental Funds June 30,

	 2017		2016
General Fund:			_
Unassigned	\$ 5,107	\$	4,503
Total General Fund	\$ 5,107	\$	4,503

The general fund total fund balance increased by \$604 from the prior fiscal year.

#### **Budgetary Highlights**

The general fund actual revenues, which consists solely of State support, was \$22,776.

The general fund actual expenditures were \$22,172.

There are no budget comparatives due to the financial structure of the School District and due to the fact that Duxbury School District does not operate a school. Refer to Note 1 of the Notes to Financial Statements for additional information.

#### **Capital Asset and Long-Term Debt Activity**

#### **Capital Assets**

As of June 30, 2017, the School District did not own any capital assets.

#### **Debt**

At June 30, 2017, the School District had \$15,000 in bonds outstanding versus \$35,000 last year, a decrease of 57.14%. Refer to Note 2 of Notes to Financial Statements for more detailed information.

#### **Currently Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions**

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The 2017-2018 budget could be severely impacted by the reduction of funding from the State.

#### **Contacting the School District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Michelle Baker, Director of Finance & Operations, at Washington West Supervisory Union at 340 Mad River Park, Suite 7, Waitsfield, Vermont 05673.

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

	rnmental tivities
ASSETS Current assets:	
Due from other governments  Total current assets	\$ 5,107 5,107
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 5,107
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Current portion of long-term obligations Total current liabilities	\$ 15,000 15,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 15,000
NET POSITION Unrestricted (deficit) TOTAL NET POSITION	(9,893) (9,893)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 5,107

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Program Revenues							(Expense) e & Changes et Position
Functions/Programs	Expenses		_	Charges for Services		ng Grants ributions	Capital Grants & Contributions		Total ernmental ctivities
Governmental activities:									
Fiscal services	\$	1,445	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	(1,445)
Interest on long term debt		727		-		-			(727)
	\$	2,172	\$		\$		\$ -		(2,172)
General revenues: Grants and contributions no Total general revenues	ot restrict	ed to speci	fic progra	ams					22,776 22,776
Change in net position									20,604
NET POSITION - JULY 1									(30,497)
NET POSITION - JUNE 30								\$	(9,893)

#### BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

		General Fund	Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS Due from other governments TOTAL ASSETS	\$ \$	5,107 5,107	\$ \$	5,107 5,107	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES		5,107		5,107 5,107	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	5,107	\$	5,107	

## RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

	Total Governmenta Funds	
Total Fund Balances	\$	5,107
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:  Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Bonds payable		(15,000)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	(9,893)

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	_	eneral Fund	Total ernmental Funds
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenues TOTAL REVENUES	\$	22,776 22,776	\$ 22,776 22,776
EXPENDITURES Current:			
Fiscal services Debt service: Principal		1,445 20,000	1,445 20,000
Interest TOTAL EXPENDITURES		727 22,172	727 22,172
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		604	 604
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		- - -	- - -
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		604	604
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1		4,503	 4,503
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$	5,107	\$ 5,107

## RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Statement E)	\$	604
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Statement B) are different because:		
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Pe	D	20,000
Change in net position of governmental activities (Statement B)	\$	20,604

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Reporting Entity

The School District was incorporated under the laws in the State of Vermont. The School District operates under the Board of Directors-superintendent form of government and provides the following services: fiscal and debt services.

The School District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

The School District's combined financial statements include all accounts and all operations of the School District. We have determined that the School District has no component units as described in GASB Statement No. 14 and amended by GASB Statements No. 39 and No. 61.

#### Implementation of New Accounting Standards

During the year ended June 30, 2017, the following statements of financial accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board became effective:

Statement No. 73, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68". The objective of the Statement is to improve financial reporting by instituting a single framework for the presentation of information about pensions, thereby expanding the comparability of pension-related information reported by state and local governments. Management has determined that this Statement is not applicable.

Statement No. 74, "Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans". The objective of the Statement is to improve the disclosure of information about benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) included in financial statements of state and local governments. This Statement will improve financial reporting through enhanced note disclosures and schedules of required supplementary information that will be presented by OPEB plans that are administered through trusts that meet specified criteria. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Statement No. 77, "Tax Abatement Disclosures". The objective of the Statement is to improve disclosure of information about the nature and magnitude of tax abatements, making these transactions more transparent to financial statement users. As such, users will be better equipped to understand (1) how tax abatements affect a government's future

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

ability to raise resources and meet its financial obligations and (2) the impact those abatements have on a government's financial position and economic condition. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Statement No. 80, "Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units". The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. The additional criterion requires blending of a component unit incorporated as a not-for-profit corporation in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. The additional criterion does not apply to component units included in the financial reporting entity pursuant to the provisions of Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Statement No. 81, "Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements". The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. Split-interest agreements are a type of giving agreement used by donors to provide resources to two or more beneficiaries, including governments. Split-interest agreements can be created through trusts or other legally enforceable agreements with characteristics that are equivalent to split-interest agreements - in which a donor transfers resources to an intermediary to hold and administer for the benefit of a government and at least one other beneficiary. Examples of these types of agreements include charitable lead trusts, charitable remainder trusts, and life-interests in real estate. As such, this Statement requires that a government that receives resources pursuant to an irrevocable split-interest agreement recognize assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the inception of the agreement. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Statement No. 82, "Pension Issues". The objective of this Statement is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The School District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the School District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the School District's major funds).

Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. All activities of the School District are categorized as governmental.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activity column is (a) presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) is reported on a full accrual, economic resources basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The School District's net position are reported in three parts – net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The School District first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the School District's functions (fiscal, debt service, etc.). The functions are also supported by general government revenues (certain intergovernmental revenues, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. For the most part, the interfund activity has been eliminated from these government-wide financial statements.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues and charges for services, etc.).

The School District does not allocate indirect costs. All costs are charged directly to the corresponding District.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the School District as an entity and the change in the School District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Measurement Focus - Basic Financial Statements & Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the School District are reported in the individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. Both fiduciary funds and component units that are fiduciary in nature have been excluded from these financial statements. The following fund types are used by the School District:

#### Governmental Funds:

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the School District:

#### Major Funds

a. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in the governmental activity category. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenses of either the fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements. As of June 30, 2017, the School District did not have any nonmajor funds.

#### Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 1. Accrual

Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

#### Modified Accrual

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

#### **Budget**

The School District's policy is to not adopt an annual budget for operations. This is due to the fact that Duxbury School District does not operate a school.

#### Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

It is the District's policy to value investments at fair value. None of the District's investments are reported at amortized cost. The District Treasurer is authorized by State Statutes to invest all excess funds in the following:

- Obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities.
- Certificates of deposits and other evidences of deposits at banks, savings and loan associations, and credit unions.
- Repurchase agreements
- Money market mutual funds

The Duxbury School District has no formal investment policy but instead follows the State of Vermont Statutes. The Duxbury School District has no cash and cash equivalents or investments at June 30, 2017.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Transactions Between Funds**

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of both Governmental and Proprietary Funds. The Duxbury School District has no transfers between funds at June 30, 2017.

#### Receivables

Receivables include amounts due from governmental agencies. All receivables are current and therefore due within one year. Receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts and revenues net of uncollectibles. Allowances are reported when accounts are proven to be uncollectible. Allowances for uncollectible accounts netted with accounts receivable were \$5,107 for the year ended June 30, 2017. The allowance for uncollectible amounts is estimated to be \$0 as of June 30, 2017.

#### **Long-term Obligations**

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental resources is reported as liabilities in government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists of a bond payable.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

#### **Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislations adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Fund Balance**

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components – nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Nonspendable – This includes amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – This includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – This includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the inhabitants of the Town. The inhabitants of the Town through Town meetings are the highest level of decision-making authority of the School District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through a Town meeting vote.

Assigned – This includes amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The authority for assigning fund balance is expressed by the School Board.

Unassigned – This includes all other spendable amounts. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. Other governmental funds besides the general fund can only report a negative unassigned fund balance amount.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Town meeting vote has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Program Revenues**

Program revenues include all directly related income items applicable to a particular program (charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; operating or capital grants and contributions, including special assessments).

#### **Encumbrance Accounting**

Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The School District does not utilize encumbrance accounting for its general fund.

#### **Use of Estimates**

During the preparation of the School District's financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and disclosure of contingent items as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

#### NOTE 2 - LONG TERM DEBT

A summary of long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2017 is as follows:

	alance, 7/1/16	Additions Delet		eletions	Balance, 6/30/17			Current Portion	
Bonds payable	\$ 35,000 35,000	\$ \$	<u>-</u>	\$ \$	(20,000) (20,000)	\$	15,000 15,000	\$ \$	15,000 15,000

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

#### NOTE 2 - LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of the bond outstanding as of June 30, 2017:

Bonds Payable:

\$165,000, Vermont Municipal Bond Bank 2007 Series 2 Refunding Bond payable with annual principal installments of \$15,000 through December 2017. Interest ranging from 4.85% through 5.40% payable semi-annually through December 2017. Saving allocations ranging from \$12 to \$803 rebated through December 2028, with the exception of fiscal years 2015 through 2018.

15,000

**Total Bonds Payable** 

\$ 15,000

The following is a summary of outstanding bond principal and interest requirements for the next five fiscal years ending June 30:

					Total
Year	Principal		 Interest	Del	ot Service
2018	\$	15,000	\$ 286	\$	15,286
2019		-	(331)		(331)
2020		-	(634)		(634)
2021		-	(643)		(643)
2022		-	(678)		(678)
2023 - 2027		-	(3,254)		(3,254)
2028 - 2030		-	 (629)		(629)
			 <u> </u>		_
	\$	15,000	\$ (5,883)	\$	9,117
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#### NOTE 3 - CONTINGENCIES

With regard to pending legal claims or any unasserted claims, it is not feasible at this time to predict or determine their outcome. Management believes, however, that settlement amounts, if any, will not have a material adverse effect on the School District's financial position.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

#### **NOTE 4 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the School District carries commercial insurance or participates in a public entity and self-insured risk pool.

Based on the coverage provided by the insurance purchased, the School District is not aware of any material actual or potential claim liabilities which should be recorded as of June 30, 2017. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from that of the prior year and amounts of settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years.

The District is a member of the Vermont School Boards Association. The Association has set up two insurance Trusts; Vermont School Boards Insurance Trust, Inc. (VSBIT) for worker compensation, multi-line intermunicipal school program, and unemployment compensation program, and the Vermont Education Health Initiative (VEHI) for medical benefits. VSBIT and VEHI are nonprofit corporations formed to provide insurance and risk management programs for Vermont School Districts and is owned by the participating Districts. The Trusts are not licensed insurance carriers and members are not protected by the Vermont Insurance Guaranty Association.

To provide insurance coverage, VEHI has established a self-funded fully insured program in conjunction with Blue Cross and Blue Shield (BCBS). A portion of member contributions is used to purchase reinsurance and to fund a reserve required by the reinsurance. Contributions in excess of claims requirements, reserve fund requirements, reinsurance and administrative costs are returned to participants. The pooling agreement does not permit the pool to make additional assessments to its members.

To provide unemployment coverage, VSBIT has established a separate trust of funds from member contributions to pay administrative costs, unemployment claims, and to provide excess reinsurance protections. Contributions are based on payroll expense and the previous two year unemployment compensation experience. In the event that total contributions assessed to and made by all members result in an actual or projected financial deficit and VSBIT is unable to meet its required obligations, the program will be terminated with each member assessed their proportionate share of the deficit.

To provide worker's compensation coverage, VSBIT has established a separate trust of funds from member contributions to pay administrative costs and workers compensation coverage. Contributions are based upon formulas applied to payroll expense. At the end of the coverage period, the members will be assessed or refunded any difference between estimated contributions and actual expenses.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

#### NOTE 4 - RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Multi-Line Intermunicipal School Program provides coverage for property; inland machinery; marine and boiler and crime; commercial general automobile/garagekeepers; and educators legal liability. Annual contributions are based upon appropriate rates applicable to each member; such rates are set based on recommendations of a qualified actuary, plus a proportionate share of all operational and administrative cost including excess reinsurance premiums incurred by the trust. In the event that total contributions assessed to and made by all members result in an actual or projected financial deficit and VSBIT is unable to meet its required obligations, the program will be terminated with each member assessed their proportionate share of the deficit.

#### **NOTE 5 - RELATED ORGANIZATION**

Although not considered a component unit, Duxbury School District is part of Waterbury-Duxbury School District. Waterbury-Duxbury School District provides education services to students residing in Duxbury, VT.

The School District has an ongoing financial responsibility to Washington West Supervisory Union as defined in GASB 14, paragraph 71. Through Washington West Supervisory Union's assessment process, the School District's assessment can be increased to cover a share of any prior year deficits and decreased to share in any prior year surpluses. Separate financial statements on Washington West Supervisory Union are available from Washington West Supervisory Union.

#### NOTE 6 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On June 7, 2016 the voters in all of the School Districts of the Washington West Supervisory Union voted to approve forming a Unified District, which will be known as the Harwood Unified Union School District. The new governance structure became fully operational on July 1, 2017. During the year of transition, a newly formed board began working on the budget for the 2017-2018 fiscal year. A single budget for the operations of a coordinated PK-12 system were presented to voters on Town Meeting Day in March of 2017. On July 1, 2017, the seven boards of Washington West Supervisory Union were replaced with one 14-member board overseeing the unified district, with one blended tax rate adjusted for Common Level Appraisal in each Town.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the Government Accounting Standards Board but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

 Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual -General Fund

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Variance Positive	
	Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1 Resources (Inflows): Intergovernmental:	\$	4,503	\$	4,503	\$	4,503	\$	-
State support		-		-		22,776		22,776
Amounts Available for Appropriation		4,503		4,503		27,279		22,776
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): Fiscal services Debt service:		-		-		1,445		(1,445)
Principal		-		-		20,000		(20,000)
Interest						727	•	(727)
Total Charges to Appropriations				<u>-</u>		22,172	-	(22,172)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	4,503	\$	4,503	\$	5,107	\$	604



#### **Proven Expertise and Integrity**

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

School Board
Duxbury School District
Duxbury, Vermont

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Duxbury School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Duxbury School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 29, 2017.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Duxbury School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Duxbury School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Duxbury School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Duxbury School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Buxton, Maine

Vermont Registration No. 092.0000697

RHRSmith & Company

September 29, 2017